

Pressure switches hex 24 with integrated connector

NC or NO, maximum operating voltage up to 42 V

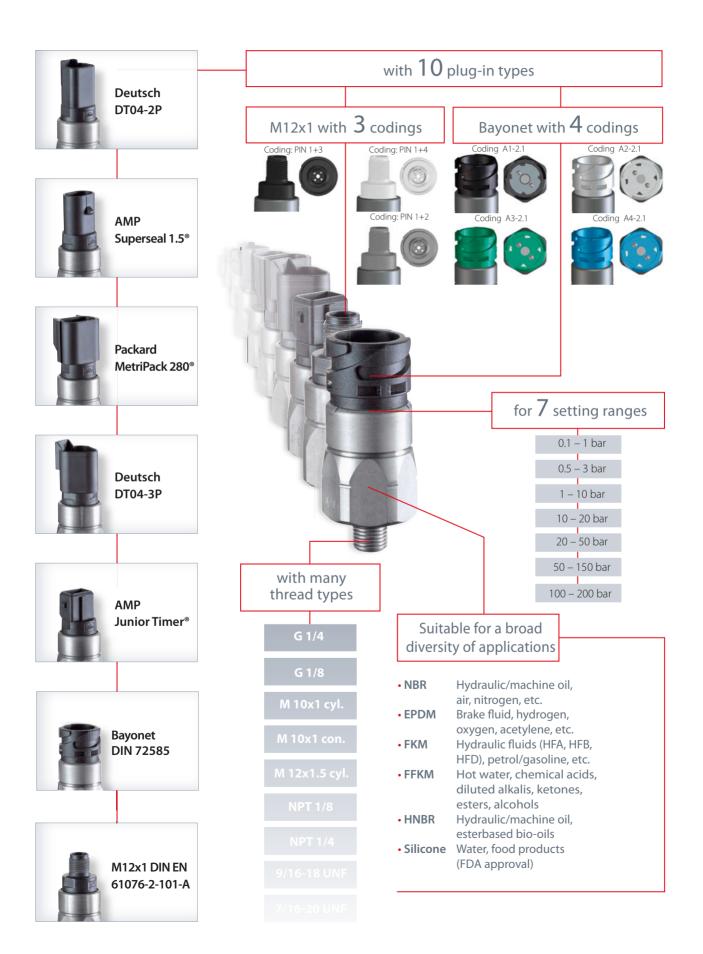


- Large selection of electrical plug-in types for quick attachment and reliable connection
- High protection class (to IP67 or IP6K9K)
- Compact and rugged design in industrial environments like construction and agricultural machinery or commercial vehicles
- Switching point can be set on site with adjusting screw in the connector¹⁾
- High overpressure resistance, compact, small switches, available as normally open or normally closed
- Vacuum switches with integrated connector available on request

Pressure switches can also be supplied preset at factory.
The switching point is embossed onto pressure switches preset at factory.

The all-rounder with the broad selection of options

NC or NO, maximum operating voltage up to 42 V





Pressure switches hex 24 with integrated connector

Technical details











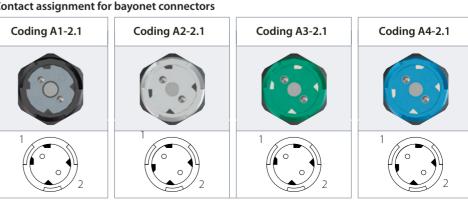






Rated working voltage:	10 42 VAC/DC		
Rated current range (resistive load, DC12 / AC12):	10 mA 4 A		
Switching power DC12 / AC12:	100 W / 100 VA		
	NBR (diaphragm pressure switch)	-40 °C +100 °C	
	NBR (piston pressure switch)	-30 °C +100 °C	
	EPDM	-30 °C +120 °C	
Temperature resistance of sealing materials:	FKM (diaphragm pressure switch)	-5 °C +120 °C	
	FKM (piston pressure switch)	-15 °C +120 °C	
	FFKM	-20 °C +120 °C	
	Silicone	-40 °C +120 °C	
	HNBR	-30 °C +120 °C	
Burst pressure (diaphragm pressure switch):	400 bar		
Burst pressure (piston pressure switch)	700 bar (for threads M10, G 1/8, R 1/8 and NPT 1/8 up to max. 600 bar)		
Switching frequency:	200 / min		
Mechanical life expectancy:	1,000,000 cycles (for diaphragm pressure switches, life expectancy value only applies for switching pressures to max. 50 bar)		
Pressure rise rate:	≤ 1,000 bar/s		
Hysteresis:	Average value 530 % depending on type, not adjustable		
Vibration resistance:	10 g; 5200 Hz sine wave, DIN EN 60068-2-6		
Shock resistance:	294 m/s²; 14 ms half sine wave; DIN EN 60068-2-27		
Protection class:	Up to IP67 / IP6K9K according to manufacturer's specifications for the respective plug-in system only when plugged in, otherwise IP00		
Weight:	approx. 90 g		

Contact assignment for bayonet connectors



Μ

0110/0112/0114/0116/0118/0122/0124

Diaphragm pressure switches with integrated connector

- Setting ranges to up to 50 bar (higher settings refer to page 26)
- NC or NO, maximum voltage 42 V
- Zinc-plated steel (Cr VI-free)
- Overpressure safety up to 300 bar1)

Plug-in types for diaphragm pressure switches

Deutsch DT04-2P	0110 - XXX XX - X - XXX
AMP Superseal 1.5®	0112 - XXX XX - X - XXX
Packard MetriPack 280®	0114 - XXX XX - X - XXX
Deutsch DT04-3P	0116 - XXX XX - X - XXX
AMP Junior Timer®	0118 - XXX XX - X - XXX
M12x1 DIN EN 61076-2-101-A (PIN 1+3)	0122 - XXX XX - X - XXX
M12x1 DIN EN 60947-5-2 (PIN 1+2 / PIN 1+4)	0124 - XXX XX - X - XXX

0110 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0112 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0114 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0116 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0118 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0122 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0124 - XXX XX - X - XXX

Adjustment range	Male
(Tolerance at room temperature)	thread

Article number NO → |: **Article number** NC →:|

Diaphragm pressure switches with integrated connector

- 1 · 3 · 1 · · · · · ·		3
01.1(4.03)	G 1/4	XXXX - 403 03 - X - 011
	G 1/8	XXXX - 403 28 - X - 603
	M 10x1 cyl.	XXXX - 403 13 - X - 003
0.1 - 1 (± 0.2) bar	M 10x1 con.	XXXX - 403 01 - X - 009
	M 12x1.5 cyl.	XXXX - 403 02 - X - 010
	NPT 1/8	XXXX - 403 04 - X - 012
	G 1/4	XXXX - 423 03 - X - 070
	G 1/8	XXXX - 423 28 - X - 070
0.5 2 (1.02) h	M 10x1 cyl.	XXXX - 423 13 - X - 070
0.5 - 3 (± 0.3) bar	M 10x1 con.	XXXX - 423 01 - X - 070
	M 12x1.5 cyl.	XXXX - 423 02 - X - 070
	NPT 1/8	XXXX - 423 04 - X - 070 XXXX - 424 04 - X - 070
	G 1/4	XXXX - 407 03 - X - 027
1 - 10 (± 0.5) bar	G 1/8	XXXX - 407 28 - X - 607 XXXX - 408 28 - X - 608
	M 10x1 cyl.	XXXX - 407 13 - X - 007
	M 10x1 con.	XXXX - 407 01 - X - 025
	M 12x1.5 cyl.	XXXX - 407 02 - X - 026
	NPT 1/8	XXXX - 407 04 - X - 028

Seal material – Application areas

NBR	Hydraulic/machine oil, air, nitrogen, etc.	1	
EPDM	Brake fluid, hydrogen, oxygen, acetylene, etc.	2	
FKM	Hydraulic fluids (HFA, HFB, HFD), petrol/gasoline, etc.	3	
FFKM	Hot water, chemical acids, diluted alkalis, ketones, esters, alcohols	6	
HNBR	Hydraulic/machine oil, ester-based bio-oils	9	

Refer to page 24 for the temperature range and application thresholds of sealing materials.





hex 24 integrated











0122 Coding: PIN 1+3



0124 Coding: PIN 1+4 (NO)



0124 Coding: PIN 1+2 (NC)







0110/0112/0114/0116/0118/0122/0124

Diaphragm pressure switches with integrated connector

- Setting ranges up to 50 bar (lower settings refer to page 25)
- NC or NO, maximum operating voltage up to 42 V
- Zinc-plated steel (Cr VI-free)
- Overpressure safety up to 300 bar1)

Plug-in types for diaphragm pressure switches

Deutsch DT04-2P	0110 - XXX XX - X - XXX
AMP Superseal 1.5®	0112 - XXX XX - X - XXX
Packard MetriPack 280®	0114 - XXX XX - X - XXX
Deutsch DT04-3P	0116 - XXX XX - X - XXX
AMP Junior Timer®	0118 - XXX XX - X - XXX
M12x1 DIN EN 61076-2-101-A (PIN 1+3)	0122 - XXX XX - X - XXX
M12x1 DIN EN 60947-5-2 (PIN 1+2 / PIN 1+4)	0124 - XXX XX - X - XXX

0110 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0112 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0114 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0116 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0118 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0122 - XXX XX - X - XXX
0124 - XXX XX - X - XXX

Adjustment range	Male
(tolerance at room temperature)	thread

Article number $NO \longrightarrow |$:

Article number $NC \longrightarrow :$

Diaphragm pressure switches with integrated connector			
10 - 20 (± 1) bar	G 1/4	XXXX - 411 03 - X - 043	XXXX - 412 03 - X - 047
	G 1/8	XXXX - 411 28 - X - 611	XXXX - 412 28 - X - 612
	M 10x1 cyl.	XXXX - 411 13 - X - 011	XXXX - 412 13 - X - 012
	M 10x1 con.	XXXX - 411 01 - X - 041	XXXX - 412 01 - X - 045
	M 12x1.5 cyl.	XXXX - 411 02 - X - 042	XXXX - 412 02 - X - 046
	NPT 1/8	XXXX - 411 04 - X - 044	XXXX - 412 04 - X - 048
	_		
20 - 50 (± 2) bar	G 1/4	XXXX - 415 03 - X - 059	XXXX - 416 03 - X - 063
	G 1/8	XXXX - 415 28 - X - 615	XXXX - 416 28 - X - 616
	M 10x1 cyl.	XXXX - 415 13 - X - 015	XXXX - 416 13 - X - 016
	M 10x1 con.	XXXX - 415 01 - X - 057	XXXX - 416 01 - X - 061
	M 12x1.5 cyl.	XXXX - 415 02 - X - 058	XXXX - 416 02 - X - 062
	NPT 1/8	XXXX - 415 04 - X - 060	XXXX - 416 04 - X - 064

Seal material - Application areas

NBR	Hydraulic/machine oil, air, nitrogen, etc.	1
EPDM	Brake fluid, hydrogen, oxygen, acetylene, etc.	2
FKM	Hydraulic fluids (HFA, HFB, HFD), petrol/gasoline, etc.	3
FFKM	Hot water, chemical acids, diluted alkalis, ketones, esters, alcohols	6
HNBR	Hydraulic/machine oil, ester-based bio-oils	9

Refer to page 24 for the temperature range and application thresholds of sealing materials.



M

0111/0113/0115/0117/0119/0123/0125

Piston pressure switches with integrated connector

- Setting range up to 150 bar
- NC or NO, maximum operating voltage up to 42 V
- Zinc-plated steel (Cr VI-free)
- Overpressure safety up to 600 bar1)

Plug-in types for piston pressure switches

Deutsch DT04-2P	0111 - XXX XX - X - XXX
AMP Superseal 1.5®	0113 - XXX XX - X - XXX
Packard MetriPack 280®	0115 - XXX XX - X - XXX
Deutsch DT04-3P	0117 - XXX XX - X - XXX
AMP Junior Timer®	0119 - XXX XX - X - XXX
M12x1 DIN EN 61076-2-101-A (PIN 1+3)	0123 - XXX XX - X - XXX
M12x1 DIN EN 60947-5-2 (PIN 1+2 / PIN 1+4)	0125 - XXX XX - X - XXX

0111 -	XXX	XX - X	- XXX
0113 -	XXX	XX - X	- XXX
0115 -	XXX	XX - X	- XXX
0117 -	XXX	XX - X	- XXX
0119 -	XXX	XX - X	- XXX
0123 -	XXX	XX - X	- XXX
0125 -	XXX	XX - X	- XXX

Adjustment range	Male
(tolerance at room temperature)	thread

Article number NO → |: **Article number** NC →:|

Piston pressure switches with integrated connector

•	_	
	G 1/4	
	G 1/8	
FO 150 (1.5) box	M 10x1 cyl.	3
50 - 150 (± 5) bar	M 10x1 con.	
	M 12x1.5 cyl.	,
	NPT 1/8	
		_

XXXX	-	41	9	03	-	Х	-	011
XXXX	-	41	9	28	-	X	-	603
XXXX	-	41	9	13	-	X	-	003
XXXX	-	41	9	01	-	Χ	-	009
XXXX	-	41	9	02	-	X	-	010
XXXX	-	41	9	04	-	Χ	-	012

XXXX -	420	03 -	Х	-	015
XXXX -	420	28 -	Χ	-	604
XXXX -	420	13 -	Χ	-	004
XXXX -	420	01 -	Χ	-	013
XXXX -	420	02 -	Χ	-	014
XXXX -	420	04 -	Χ	-	016
XXXX -	101	60 -	Y		015

100 - 200 (± 5) bar	G 1/4 DIN 3852-2-A	XXXX - 493 60		
100 - 200 (± 5) bar	M 12x1.5 DIN 3852-1-A	XXXX - 493 68		

XXXX - 494 60 - X - 015
XXXX - 494 68 - X - 014

Seal material - Application areas

	-pp. ca. ca. ca.	
NBR	Hydraulic/machine oil, air, nitrogen, etc.	1
EPDM	Brake fluid, hydrogen, oxygen, acetylene, etc.	2
FKM	Hydraulic fluids (HFA, HFB, HFD), petrol/gasoline, etc.	3
HNBR	Hydraulic/machine oil, ester-based bio-oils	9

Refer to page 24 for the temperature range and application thresholds of sealing materials.



X - 011 **X** - 010

hex 24 integrated



0123 Coding: PIN 1+3



0125 Coding: PIN 1+4 (NO)



0125 Coding: PIN 1+2 (NC)









0120

Diaphragm pressure switches with integrated bayonet connector

- NC or NO, maximum operating voltage up to 42 V
- Zinc-plated steel (Cr VI-free)
- Overpressure safety up to 300 bar¹⁾

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Bayonet ISO 15170 (DIN 72585)

Adjustment range	male
(tolerance at room temperature)	thread

Article number	
NO → :	

Article number	
NC>:	

0120 Diaphragm pressure switches with integrated connector

	G 1/4	0120 - X 03 03 - X - 011	0120 - X 04 03 - X - 015
	G 1/8	0120 - X 03 28 - X - 603	0120 - X 04 28 - X - 604
	M 10x1 cyl.	0120 - X 03 13 - X - 003	0120 - X 04 13 - X - 004
0.1 - 1 (± 0.2) bar	M 10x1 con.	0120 - X 03 01 - X - 009	0120 - X 04 01 - X - 013
	M 12x1.5 cyl.	0120 - X 03 02 - X - 010	0120 - X 04 02 - X - 014
	NPT 1/8	0120 - X 03 04 - X - 012	0120 - X 04 04 - X - 016
	G 1/4	0120 - X 23 03 - X - 070	0120 - X 24 03 - X - 070
	G 1/8	0120 - X 23 28 - X - 070	0120 - X 24 28 - X - 070
05 2 (1 02) h	M 10x1 cyl.	0120 - X 23 13 - X - 070	0120 - X 24 13 - X - 070
0.5 - 3 (± 0.3) bar	M 10x1 con.	0120 - X 23 01 - X - 070	0120 - X 24 01 - X - 070
	M 12x1.5 cyl.	0120 - X 23 02 - X - 070	0120 - X 24 02 - X - 070
	NPT 1/8	0120 - X 23 04 - X - 070	0120 - X 24 04 - X - 070
	G 1/4	0120 - X 07 03 - X - 027	0120 - X 08 03 - X - 031
	G 1/8	0120 - X 07 28 - X - 607	0120 - X 08 28 - X - 608
1 10 (0.5)	M 10x1 cyl.	0120 - X 07 13 - X - 007	0120 - X 08 13 - X - 008
1 - 10 (± 0.5) bar	M 10x1 con.	0120 - X 07 01 - X - 025	0120 - X 08 01 - X - 029
	M 12x1.5 cyl.	0120 - X 07 02 - X - 026	0120 - X 08 02 - X - 030
	NPT 1/8	0120 - X 07 04 - X - 028	0120 - X08 04 - X - 032

Coding

A1-2.1	4XX	4XX	
A2-2.1	3XX	3XX	
A3-2.1	2XX	2XX	
A4-2.1	1XX	1XX	

Seal material - Application areas

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
NBR	BR Hydraulic/machine oil, air, nitrogen, etc.			
EPDM	Brake fluid, hydrogen, oxygen, acetylene, etc.	2		
FKM	Hydraulic fluids (HFA, HFB, HFD), petrol/gasoline, etc.			
FFKM	Hot water, chemical acids, diluted alkalis, ketones, esters, alcohols			
HNBR	Hydraulic/machine oil, ester-based bio-oils	9		

Refer to page 24 for the temperature range and application thresholds of sealing materials.







¹⁾ Static value. Dynamic value is 30-50 % lower. Values pertain to the hydraulic/pneumatic part of the pressure switch.

Μ

0120/0121

Diaphragm/piston pressure switches with integrated bayonet

- NC or NO, maximum operating voltage up to 42 V
- Zinc-plated steel (Cr VI-free)
- Diaphragm variant: Overpressure safety up to 300 bar¹⁾
- Piston variant: Overpressure safety up to 600 bar¹⁾

Adjustment range	male
(tolerance at room temperature)	thread

Article number	
NO → :	

Article number NC →:

0120 Diaphragm pressure switches with integrated connector

	G 1/4
	G 1/8
10 - 20 (± 1) bar	M 10x1 cyl.
10 - 20 (± 1) bal	M 10x1 con.
	M 12x1.5 cyl.
	NPT 1/8

0120 - X 11	03 - X - 043
0120 - X 11	28 - X - 611
0120 - X 11	13 - X - 011
0120 - X 11	01 - X - 041
0120 - X 11	02 - X - 042
0120 - X 11	04 - X - 044

0120 -	X 12	03 -	X - 047
0120 -	X 12	28 -	X - 612
0120 -	X 12	13 -	X - 012
0120 -	X 12	01 -	X - 045
0120 -	X 12	02 -	X - 046
0120 -	X 12	04 -	X - 048



012	0 -	X 1	5	03	-	Χ	-	05	9
012	0 -	X 1	5	28	-	Χ	-	61	5
012	0 -	X 1	5	13	-	Χ	-	01	5
012	0 -	X 1	5	01	-	Χ	-	05	7
012	0 -	X 1	5	02	-	Χ	-	05	8
012	0 -	X 1	5	04	-	Χ	_	06	0

0120 -	X 16	03 -	X -	063
0120 -	X 16	28 -	X -	616
0120 -	X 16	13 -	X -	016
0120 -	X 16	01 -	X -	061
0120 -	X 16	02 -	Χ -	062
0120 -	X 16	04 -	Χ -	064

0121 Piston pressure switches with integrated connector

	G 1/4
	G 1/8
50 150 (1.5) have	M 10x1 cyl.
50 - 150 (± 5) bar	M 10x1 con.
	M 12x1.5 cyl.
	NPT 1/8
100 - 200 (+ 5) bar	G 1/4 DIN 3852-2-A

	0121	-	X 19	03 -	Χ -	011
	0121	-	X 19	28 -	Χ -	603
	0121	-	X 19	13 -	Χ -	003
	0121	-	X 19	01 -	Χ -	009
	0121	-	X 19	02 -	Χ -	010
	0121	-	X 19	04 -	Χ -	012
•						
	0121		VOS	<i>c</i> 0	v	011

0121	- X 20	03 - X - 015
0121	- X 20	28 - X - 604
0121	- X 20	13 - X - 004
0121	- X 20	01 - X - 013
0121	- X 20	02 - X - 014
0121	- X 20	04 - X - 016
0121	- X 94	60 - X - 015
0121	- V Q4	68 - V - 014

100 200 (1 E) bar	G 1/4 DIN 3852-2-A
100 - 200 (± 5) bar	M 12x1.5 DIN 3852-1-A

0121	-	X 93	60	-	Χ	-	011
0121	-	X 93	68	-	Χ	-	010

0121	- X 94 60 - X - 015	
0121	- X 94 68 - X - 014	

Coding

•			
A1-2.1	4XX	4XX	
A2-2.1	3XX	3XX	
A3-2.1	2XX	2XX	
A4-2.1	1XX	1XX	

Seal material - Application areas

NBR	Hydraulic/machine oil, air, nitrogen, etc.	1	
EPDM	Brake fluid, hydrogen, oxygen, acetylene, etc.	2	
FKM	Hydraulic fluids (HFA, HFB, HFD), petrol/gasoline, etc.	3	
FFKM	Hot water, chemical acids, diluted alkalis, ketones, esters, alcohols	6	
HNBR	Hydraulic/machine oil, ester-based bio-oils	9	

Refer to page 24 for the temperature range and application thresholds of sealing materials.



¹⁾ Static value. Dynamic value is 30-50 % lower. Values pertain to the hydraulic/pneumatic part of the pressure switch.

hex 24 integrated

Coding A1-2.1





Coding A2-2.1





Coding A3-2.1





Coding A4-2.1







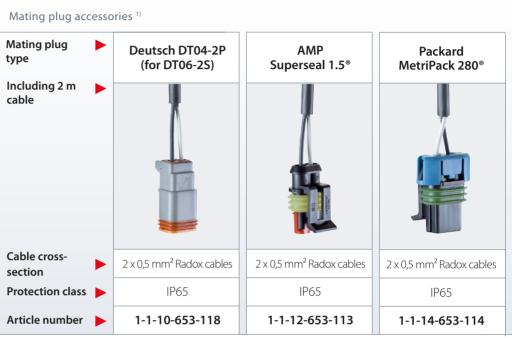


Technical details, contact assignment & accessories

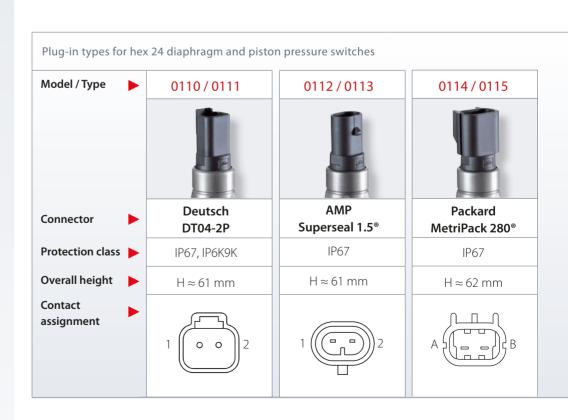
for hex 24 pressure switches with integrated connector

Please note:

Mating plugs are not included in the delivery and can be ordered separately.



¹⁾ For the pin assignment of the wires please refer to chapter M.10 Accessories (page 91)







General technical explanations

User information

Our pressure monitoring products may only be installed and started up by authorised specialists. The safety regulations of country-specific authorities must be observed, especially when working with mains voltages and oxygen, and in potentially explosive areas.

Product information

The technical information in this catalogue is based upon fundamental testing during product development and empirical values. The information cannot be used for all application scenarios.

Testing of the suitability of our products for a specific application (such as the checking of material compatibilities) remains the responsibility of the user. It may be the case that suitability can only be verified by appropriate field testing.

Mounting position

For mechanical and electronic pressure switches as well as transmitters there is no limitation due to the mounting position with regard to the accuracy of the pressure measurement.

However, other boundary conditions of the application may require a certain mounting position, e. g. horizontal installation to avoid waterlogging on the electrical connection or vertical installation to prevent debris from accumulating in the bore of the pressure connection.

IP protection class

The IP protection class is a defined protection level code (sealing) of electrical equipment housings in line with IEC 60529 (formerly DIN 40050 – Part 2). Protection of a housing against the following is tested here:

- The penetration of solid extraneous particles, such as dust
- Access of hazardous parts
- Penetration of water

IP protection tests are performed as type tests.

The IP protection type code, made up of two digits, specifies the protection of a housing against the penetration of solid extraneous particles and water.

The numeric code therefore provides conclusions to be drawn on the level of personal safety as well as the functional protection / mid to longterm functional reliability of electrical equipment.

Protection types IP00, IP65, IP67 and IP6K9K

IP00:

No protection against penetration of solid particles or water, no protection against contact.

IP6X:

Protection against penetration of dust (dust proof). Full contact protection.

IPX5:

A jet of water from a nozzle, aimed at equipment (such as a pressure switch) from all directions, must not have any harmful effect

IPX7:

Protection from water, when equipment (such as a pressure switch) is immersed in water under defined pressure and time conditions. Water must not penetrate into the equipment in harmful quantities.

IP6K9K:

Devices satisfying these requirements must be dust-proof and be able to withstand loads during the use of high-pressure cleaners and steam jets. The standard stipulates a water pressure from 80 to 100 bar at a temperature of 80 °C for testing.

IP6KX:

Dust must not penetrate. Letter K: Specific to the electrical equipment of road vehicles.

IPX9K:

Protection against penetration of water at high pressure / for steam jet cleaning. Water aimed at the housing from every direction at greatly increased pressure may not have any damaging effects.

We are able to offer IP67 / IP6K9K for many of our mechanical and electronic pressure switches (pre-wired or with integrated connector) and for our transmitters.

IP67 / IP6K9K is the recommended protection for mobile hydraulics and any equipment exposed to the outdoor environment.

Cylindrical threads

Cylindrical threads are either sealed on the front by underlaying an appropriate sealing ring (such as a copper sealing ring) or by already having integrated O-rings or gakets.

If the corresponding thread types do not provide specifications regarding the roughness of the counter sealing surface, we recommend the following values:

$$R_{amax}$$
 1.6 | R_{max} 6.3 | R_{mr} (-0.10) > 5 % C_{ref} 5 %

Conical threads (cone-shaped threads)

Conical threads guarantee tolerance compensation of the two threaded parts. The sealing function is realised with thread flanks which deform permanently and enter into a metallic frictional fit. Conical threads are not screwed in down to the screw-in depth, but fixed with the tightening torque required for the leak tightness.

Remember not to exceed the permitted tightening torque of the pressure switch or transmitter presented in the following table (to prevent damaging the threaded pin beforehand, causing it to become untight during operation or to snap off when tightened).

Tightening torques of steel threads

The specifications below are to be understood upper material thresholds for the housing of pressure switches or transmitters. Remember during installation that the type and material of the seal, the condition of mating surfaces (e.g. dry or oily) and the material of the counter-piece all have a bearing on the tightening torque.

Threads M10, G 1/8, R 1/8 and NPT 1/8 are limited to overpressure strengths of up to 600 bar.

Values 30% lower than in the following table must be used for brass housings.

Thread	Tightening torgue	
NPT 1/8; M 10 x 1 conical	max. 18 Nm	
M 10 x 1 cyl.; G 1/8	max. 20 Nm	
M 12 x 1.5; 7/16 – 20 UNF	max. 30 Nm	
G 1/4; 9/16 – 18 UNF	max. 40 Nm	
NPT 1/4; M 14 x 1.5	max. 40 Nm	

Gaseous applications

In particular using additional sealant to attain the required leak tightness may be necessary for gas applications.

Plasma cleaning for oxygen applications

When pressure switches/transmitters are used with oxygen, the surfaces must be free of oil and grease residues to prevent spontaneous combustion. Special requirements must also be observed for oxygen applications with regard to the material selection of housings and seals as well as the permitted operating pressure (see also page 17). We would be pleased to advise you if necessary.

For these operating conditions, we offer plasma cleaning of the components in order to achieve the required elimination of oil and grease. The components are packed and sealed in plastic bags. The packaging is marked with safety instructions for use in oxygen applications.

Plasma cleaning LABS-free (PWIS-free)

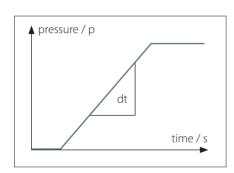
Our products are always manufactured without the use of substances that interfere with the wetting of the paint throughout the entire manufacturing process. For use in LABS-free applications, we offer plasma cleaning of the components. The components are packed and sealed in plastic bags. The packaging is marked with safety instructions for use in LABS applications.

Vacuum

The values given in the technical details for the vacuum range are specified in millibars (mbar) below atmospheric pressure.

Pressure change rate (~rise / ~fall)

The pressure change rate denotes the pressure over time for the rising/falling pressure. It is specified in bar/s.



The maximum pressure change rate for mechanical pressure switches is 1,000 bar/s. For SUCO electronic pressure monitoring products the maximum pressure change rate can be up to 5,000 bar/s.

Overpressure protection

The specified overpressure protection in the catalogue is based on a static pressure. The values refer to the hydraulic or pneumatic part of the switch.

It is best practice to use 30 - 50% lower values for dynamic pressure compared to static pressure. These empirical values are based on the knowledge that, in pressure systems, unexpected pressure peaks which are higher than the working pressure are generated as a result of activation of valves, sudden falling or rising load or simply the change of cross-sections in the pipes. With conventional measurement techniques (such as manometers), these pressure peaks are hardly measureable. Faster measurement systems must therefore be used for this data acquisition. Attempts are being made to take this into account by using emperical or corrective factors.

If the pressure conditions are known and the pressure change rates are 100 bar/s, our pressure switches and transmitters can be used up to the permitted overpressure protection as per data sheet / catalogue. Only 50 % of the specified overpressure protection is permitted when operating at the maximum permitted pressure change rate of \leq 1,000 bar/s for mechanical pressure switches, and at \leq 5,000 bar/s for transmitters.

RoHS-Compliance

= **R**estriction **o**f **H**azardous **S**ubstances (Directives 2011/65/EU and 2020/863/EU)



CE-Mark

= **C**ommunauté **E**uropéenne



European Parliament and Council directives must be observed when products are launched onto the market. If a directive exists for a product, it must be applied. Only products for which a directive exists may bear the CE mark.

Only products which have been tested according to CE directive or corresponding standards may carry the CE mark.

Mechanical pressure switches with a supply voltage above 50 VAC or 75 VDC are covered by the 2014/35/EU Low Voltage Directive. Variants for potentially explosive areas are covered in addition by the 2014/34/EU ATEX Product Directive.

Our electronic products satisfy EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) Directive 2014/30/EC. Mechanical pressure switches do not fall under the EMC Directive

The Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC is not applicable, because our products are classed as components.

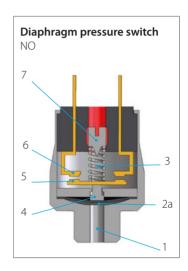
Our product designs are based upon "good engineering practise" in line with Article 4, Paragraph 3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive (2014/68/EU), meaning neither a declaration of conformity may be issued nor a CE mark affixed.

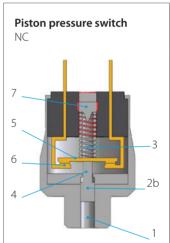
The current product-specific EU declaration is available in the download area of our homepage:

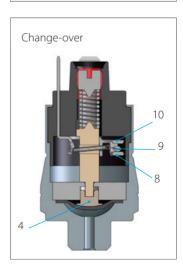
www.suco.de/en/downloads

Subject to technical changes

Technical explanations for mechanical pressure switches







What is a mechanical pressure switch?

Mechanical pressure switches from SUCO monitor the pressure of liquid or gaseous media, and close or open an electrical circuit on reaching a set threshold.

Diaphragm pressure switches

SUCO diaphragm pressure switches are used in pressure ranges from 0.1 bar to 100 bar, meaning overpressure safety of 35, 100, 300 / 400 and 600 / 700 bar, depending on the used diaphragm type.

Piston pressure switches

Pressure ranges from 10 bar to 400 bar can be monitored with SUCO piston pressure switches (dependent on size); overpressure safety of up to 600 / 700 bar can be attained.

Sizes of pressure switches

Mechanical pressure switches from SUCO can be divided into sizes hex 24, hex 27 and 30 A/F. Each particular size has specific hydraulic, pneumatic and electric properties (specified on the relevant catalogue page in the technical details).

How does a pressure switch work?

Function description for **normally open** (NO): Pressure is applied to the diaphragm (2a) / pistons (2b) through the pressure connector (1).

If the generated pressure force is greater than the force of the pre-tensioned pressure spring (3), the plunger (4) moves towards the counter-contact (6), carrying along the contact disc (5), and closes the circuit.

The switch opens again when the pressure is reduced by the hysteresis value.

Function description for **normally closed** (NC): Engaging happens in the reverse order.

The adjustment screw (7) enables the switching point to be changed within the adjustment range.

The micro switch of a **change-over contact system** (snap-action) offers both, a NC and a NO contact.

The swivel contact (9) is activated by the plunger (4). The circuit is closed by the NC (8) as long as no pressure is applied.

When the applied pressure exceeds the set switching point, the swivel contact changes over and closes the circuit via the NO (10).

Utilisation category

The utilisation category specifies for example voltages and currents, and the type of load, our pressure switches are designed for (according to DIN EN 60947-5-1).

AC voltage

AC12: Control of ohmic loads and semiconductor loads in input circuits of optocouplers (such as PLC inputs).

AC14: Control of electromagnetic loads, 72 VA.

DC voltage

DC12: Control of ohmic loads and semiconductor loads in input circuits of optocouplers (such as PLC inputs).

DC13: Control of electromagnets.

B10d value

According to DIN EN ISO 13849-1, the B10d value specifies the anticipated service life (with a 10% probability of failure). The B10d value is therefore directly dependent on the respective application of the pressure switch. For ohmic loads and currents < 1 A, we specify the B10d value as 1 million cycles of electrical life.

The specification of a MTTF time (mean time to failure) is not possible without knowing the specific conditions in the application. However, the MTTF time can be determined easily from the B10d value:

$$MTTF_d = \frac{B_{10d}}{0.1 \, n_{op}}$$

 n_{op} : number of cycles per year

 B_{nod} : number of cycles until 10 % of components have failed.

Minimum current / minimum working voltage

The minimum working current and minimum working voltage depend greatly on operating and ambient conditions. Physically, the build-up of impurity layers on the contact rivets must be countered with mechanical friction and/or electrical erosion.



Classification of electrical switch functions

			Contact form DIN EN- 60947-5-1	Symbol IEC 60617
NO	NO, normally open	SPST single pole, single throw	X	-/
NC	NC, normally closed	SPST single pole, single throw	Υ	
Change- over contacts	CO, change over (snap action)	SPDT single pole, double throw	С	

It has proven useful in many applications to deploy our pressure switches with silver contact rivets ensuring that they are fail safe to 10 mA and 10 V. Variants with gold contacts are available in our catalogue for even lower currents and voltages.

Potential-free - galvanically isolated

Mechanical pressure switches from SUCO are potential-free, i.e. no auxiliary energy is required. Also, there is no electrical contact between the individual, live parts and the housing.

Adjustment range of switching point

The pressure range, within which the switching point of a pressure switch can be set, is called adjustment range. The switching point corresponds to the pressure value at which the electric circuit is opened or closed by the pressure applied.

If no switching point is specified on order, the pressure switches are adjusted by approximately half the adjustment range at factory.

The setting ranges specified for the respective device series apply to increasing pressure. For switching points that are specified for falling pressure and are within the maximum value of the setting range minus the hysteresis, the next higher setting range must be selected (see also section "Hysteresis").

Switching point tolerances

The switching point tolerances specified by us pertain to room temperature (RT) and condition as new.

The values can change as a result of temperature, ageing and deployment conditions.

It is not possible to specify generally applicable value for switching point tolerances over temperature as the medium has a significant influence on the sealing materials in the pressure switch.

Double the tolerance stated for RT and condition as new can be assumed as a typical magnitude for the tolerance over the entire temperature range.

Based on their design, piston switches may exhibit an increase in switching points due to storage (dry run, stick-slip effect). Following a short start phase, the switching points return to the value set at the factory.

Pressure change rates of > 1bar/s may have an effect on the switching point for diaphragm pressure switches.

The switching point (for rising pressure) and hysteresis increase, whilst the switch-back point (for falling pressure) sinks.

Also, the effect of the maximum (system) pressure on the switchback point (for falling pressure ramp) must be factored in for tolerance-critical applications. The higher the (system) pressure, the lower the resulting switch-back value.

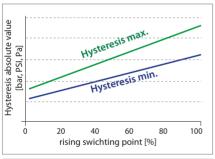
Hysteresis

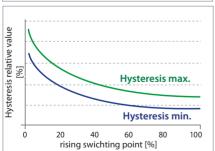
Rising / falling switching point

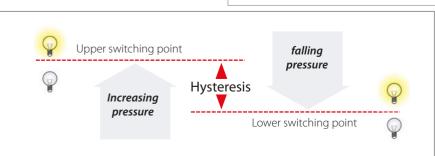
The pressure difference between the rising (upper) and falling (lower) switching points (refer to the figure, e.g. NO) is known as hysteresis (switch-back difference).

Hysteresis has no constant value due to the structural layout of a mechanical pressure switch. In absolute values, the hysteresis is also the smallest with the smallest adjustment range. The hysteresis increases with increasing adjustment range.

Hysteresis over rising switching point







Technical explanations for mechanical pressure switches

Hysteresis can be set at SUCO in range from approx. 10 % (at end of adjustment range) to 30 % or higher (at start of adjustment range), related to the respective switching point for hex 27 and 30 A/F pressure switches with adjustable hysteresis.

Due to their design, pressure switches with an overpressure resistance of 100 bar have smaller hystereses than the series with 300 bar or 400 bar overpressure resistance. Piston pressure switches have a slightly larger hysteresis than diaphragm pressure switches.

The specifications in the catalogue only represent typical average values. Please ask about the possible setting ranges you may require. Our electronic pressure switches are excellently suited to extremely low or high hysteresis. The lowest possible hysteresis is set if nothing is specified in the order.

Switching frequency

The switching frequency provides information on the possible number of cycles in one minute. The value of 200/min specified by us is a guideline value. Higher switching frequencies can be attained depending on switch type and conditions of use.

Sealing materials

The priority in sealing material selection is the chemical resistance. The temperature range only becomes a selection criterion when different sealing materials are suitable for the medium.

NBR (Buna-N)

This is the standard material most commonly used. It is a special SUCO material mix with high level of cold flexibility so that the sealing properties of the pressure switch are also retained at low temperatures.

NBR is denoted by number "1" in our order number.

EPDM

This material is the solution of choice for applications with brake fluids. It is particularly suitable for applications with (process) water. Approval from the BAM (Federal Institute for Material Testing) is in place for oxygen applications.

The safety regulations from country-specific authorities must be observed for oxygen applications. EPDM may not come into contact with oil because this would entail swelling and softening of the material, and so failure of the pressure switch.

EPDM is denoted by number "2" in our order number.

EPDM-TW with drinking water approval

This EPDM material is intended for drinking water applications (up to max. 35 bar overpressure safety) according to Elastomer Guideline, WRAS (Water Regulation Advisory Scheme), ACS (Attestation de Conformité Sanitaire) and NSF 61 (National Sanitation Foundation) and for use in medical and pharmaceutical applications.

EPDM-TW may not come into contact with oil because this would entail swelling and softening of the material, and so failure of the pressure switch. Sealing is only available upon request, so please consult us before ordering.

EPDM-TW is denoted by number, 5" in our order number.

FKM / FPM (Viton®)

This is a diaphragm material suitable for high temperature exposure and exhibits special chemical resistance. It has been tested in the hydraulic sector and has been proven to work successfully with critical oils. FKM / FPM is denoted by number "3" in our order number.

FFKM

This diaphragm material is suitable for temperature exposure up to 120°C and can withstand very aggressive conditions such as chemical species including organic or inorganic acids, diluted alkalis, ketones, esters, alcohols, fuels and hot water. FFKM is denoted by number "6" in our order number.

TPE (Thermoplastic elastomers)

This sealing material is available only for our electronical products of the Performance Series.

TPE offers similar media compatibility like NBR, e.g suitable for mineral oil and hydraulic fluids.

Additionally the material can be used with diluted acids and bases and cold water, too

TPE is denoted by number "7" in our order number.

ECO (epichlorhydrin)

ECO is only used in our vacuum switches. This material has similar properties to NBR in terms of chemical resistance, and can be used in gas applications as well as oil and fuel applications.

ECO is denoted by number "4" in our order number

Silicone

Silicone is suitable for use within a wide temperature range. The SUCO silicone diaphragm is FDA-approved (Food & Drug Administration) for the food sector.

Silicone is a soft material reserved for sensitive applications in the low pressure range (below 10 bar) with maximum overpressure safety to 35 bar. Piston switches are therefore not offered with silicone seals. Silicone is also not suitable for oil applications

Silicone is denoted by number "8" in our order number.

H-NBR

This is a special SUCO material mixture optimised for ester-based bio-oils. The multitude of bio-oils on the market means suitability of the material for the respective oil must be determined. This diaphragm material can also be used for a number of mineral and synthetic oils.

H-NBR is denoted by number "9" in our order number.

Medium compatibility

The specifications on medium compatibility in this catalogue cannot be generalised as they pertain to the sealing materials used in our pressure switches.

Saturated and superheated steam applications

The sealing materials mentioned are not suitable for saturated or superheated steam applications.

Juco

Conversion table for pressure units

Unit symbol	Unit name	Pa= N/m ²	bar	Torr	lbf/in², PSI
1 Pa = N/m^2	Pascal	1	0.00001	0.0075	0.00014
1 bar	Bar	100 000	1	750.062	14.5
1 Torr = 1 mmHg	Millimetres, mercury column	133.322	0.00133	1	0.01934
$1 \text{ lbf/in}^2 = 1 \text{ PSI}$	Pound-force per square inch	6 894	0.06894	51.71	1

Conversion table for temperature units

	К	°C	F
K	1	K - 273.15	9/5 K - 459.67
℃	°C + 273.15	1	9/5 °C + 32
F	5/9 (F + 459.67)	5/9 (F - 32)	1

Water applications

Standard piston switches are not suitable for water applications.

Pressure switches in stainless steel with EPDM seal have a special sealing system and can therefore also be used for water with corrosion protection, water mixtures or emulsions. The use of other fluid mixtures should be clarified with SUCO (e.g. swelling of EPDM sealing could happen by water – oil mixture).

Pressure switches with stainless steel housings with EPDM-TW diaphragm, SUCO type "5" are designed for the use of drinking water.

Gas applications

Our pressure switches are suitable for liquid and gaseous media. Gaseous media place particular demands on leak-tightness how ever. The leakage rate is dependent on the respective gaseous medium, the working pressure and the permeability of the seal material used in the pressure switch.

Their lower leakage rates mean diaphragm pressure switches are better suited for gas pressures than piston pressure switches. The latter can also be used however if certain measures are taken (such as venting of the housing).

For gaseous applications below 10 bar (145 PSI) in combination with pressure switches with high IP class, i.e. IP 67 and IP6K9K, in general we recommend to use ventilation. Please consult us; we are able to offer suitable solutions

Oxygen applications

Our mechanical pressure switches are suitable for use with oxygen. We recommend the use of our EPDM diaphragm. The resistance to internal burnout of the diaphragm has been tested by the BAM (Federal Institute for Material Testing).

Pressure switches with steel housings with zinc-nickel coating are, in conjunction with oxygen, only approved to a maximum working pressure of 10 bar.

Pressure switches with brass housings are, in conjunction with oxygen, only approved to a maximum working pressure of 35 bar.

Pressure switches with stainless steel housings are, in conjunction with oxygen, only approved to a maximum working pressure of 50 bar.

DGUV accident prevention regulations (such as DGUV 500, Section 2.32 and BGI 617) must be observed for first operation.

Please specify when ordering "oil and greasefree, for use with oxygen".

Underpressure safety of pressure switches

Our pressure switches are underpressure safe down to 300 mbar (relative).

Overpressure safety of vacuum switches

Our vacuum switches are overpressure safe up to 20 or 35 bar depending on type.

cCSAus approval

Almost all of our mechanical pressure switches (sizes hex 24 and hex 27), and vacuum switch 0151, have cCSAus approval. The CSA mark together with "c" and "us" combines the control stamps for introduction onto the Canadian and American markets. The cCSAus certificate also includes the test of the relevant UL standard.

Checked by an official institution and verified with regular company visits by CSA inspectors, this approval guarantees the highest levels of quality and operational reliability for our products.

You can download the current cCSAus certificate on the download area of our homepage: https://www.suco.de/en/downloads

Product information

The technical information in this catalogue is based upon fundamental testing during product development, as well as upon empirical values. The information cannot be used for all application scenarios.

Testing of the suitability of our products for a specific application (e.g. also the checking of material compatibilities) rests under the responsibility of the user. It may be the case that suitability can only be guaranteed with appropriate field testing.

Please consult us about gas, water and oxygen applications.